



CITY OF PASADENA 2015

# HOMELESS COUNT & SUBPOPULATION SURVEY: FINAL REPORT

APRIL 2015

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## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report is the result of a partnership between the City of Pasadena, City of Pasadena Housing Department, and the Pasadena Partnership to End Homelessness. These entities have worked together since 1992 to formulate and implement the city's continuum of care system for homeless individuals and families. Copies of this report can be obtained through the following web-sites: [www.pasadenapartnership.com](http://www.pasadenapartnership.com) and [www.urban-initiatives.org](http://www.urban-initiatives.org).

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The City of Pasadena 2015 Homeless Count and Subpopulation was coordinated by Urban Initiatives, the agency that also prepared this report

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Students and staff from Fuller Theological Seminary's Office for Urban Initiatives along with 60 other volunteers from faith-based organizations and the community at large participated in the count by forming teams to count on the streets and in facilities. Students also helped with gathering data, entering data, and Office for Urban Initiatives staff contributed to writing this report.

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## I. Executive Summary

There were 582 adults and 50 children for a total of 632 sheltered and unsheltered persons who were counted as homeless during the point-in-time “City of Pasadena 2015 Homeless Count and Subpopulation Survey.” This represents a 5% decrease when compared to the number of sheltered and unsheltered persons who were counted last year. The 632 persons counted this year represents a 48% decrease when compared to the 1,216 sheltered and unsheltered persons counted in 2011.

There was a noteworthy shift among the composition of subpopulations between 2014 and 2015. The unsheltered population made up 60% of the total number of homeless persons in 2014 but it went up to 70% in 2015.

The number of homeless adults and children has decreased by nearly half (48%) during the past four years.

Table 1. Comparison of 2014 and 2015 Homeless Counts

	2014 Count		2015 Count	
	#	%	#	%
Unsheltered Count	393	59	442	70
Sheltered Count	265	40	190	30
Total:	666	100	632	100

The shift is likely due, in part, because the temperature and rain activated Bad Weather Shelter, was not open on the day of the count in 2015, whereas it was in 2014. Thus, some of the street population would have been in the Bad Weather Shelter in 2015 if it would have been open and they would have been counted among the sheltered population and sheltered subpopulations.

As the next table reveals, there is a notable shift among the makeup of certain unsheltered subpopulations in 2015 when compared to unsheltered subpopulations for 2014. Significant shifts include 1) chronically homeless persons; 2) persons with substance abuse problems; 3) youth ages 18 – 24; and 4) unaccompanied youth under age 18.

Table 2. A Comparison of Selected Unsheltered Subpopulations for 2014 and 2015.

	2014		2015	
	#	%	#	%
Total Unsheltered Population:	393	100	442	100
Chronically Homeless Individuals	149	38	176	40
Persons with Mental Health Problems	113	29	112	25
Persons with HIV/AIDS	9	2	6	1
Seniors age 62+	36	9	36	8
Persons with Substance Abuse Problems	78	20	113	26
Veterans	38	10	32	7
Victims of Domestic Violence	72	18	72	16
Youth age 18 – 24	17	4	31	7
Youth Under Age 18	0	0	4	1
Persons Released from Jail*	59	15	65	15

\*This subpopulation was determined by the following survey question “During the last 12 months, were you recently released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-mandated sentence?”

### 1. Chronically homeless persons

The number of chronically homeless persons increased from 149 persons in 2014 to 176 persons in 2015 and now make up 40% of the total adult unsheltered population compared to 38% in 2014.

### 2. Persons with Substance Abuse Problems

The number of persons with substance abuse problems increased from 78 persons in 2014 to 113 persons in 2015 and now make up 26% of the total adult unsheltered population compared to 20% in 2014.

### 3. Youth age 18 - 24

The number of youth age 18 - 24 increased from 17 persons in 2014 to 31 persons in 2015 and now make up 7% of the total adult unsheltered population compared to 4% in 2014.

#### 4. Youth (unaccompanied) under Age 18

The number of unaccompanied youth under age 18 increased from 0 persons in 2014 to 4 persons in 2015 and now make up 1% of the total unsheltered population excluding accompanied children under age 18.

It is important to note that there was a greater effort to identify unaccompanied youth under age 18 and between the ages of 18 and 24 than in past years because of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development’s (HUD) guidance and emphasis on making greater efforts to include youth in all homeless counts and surveys throughout the country. Pasadena’s efforts mirrored the efforts made across the country.

Table 3 reveals a notable change among the makeup of unsheltered families when comparing the last two annual homeless counts.

Table 3. Comparison of Unsheltered Families for 2014 and 2015

Year of Homeless Count	# of Homeless Families	# of Adults	# of Children	Total	# of Chronically Homeless Families	# of Adults	# of Children	Total
2014	3	5	8	13	1	1	2	3
2015	7	9	10	19	2	3	3	6

Seven unsheltered families were counted in 2015 and three in 2014. Two unsheltered chronically homeless families were counted in 2015 and one in 2014.

#### What Are the Next Steps?

The Pasadena Partnership to End Homelessness should look closely at the total number of homeless persons for each subpopulation. Ending homelessness can seem overwhelming when the total homeless population of 632 is considered at one time. Focusing on various subpopulations is less daunting, especially unsheltered subpopulations. The table notes that there were

- 36 unsheltered seniors age 62+;
- 32 unsheltered veterans; and
- 31 unsheltered youth ages 18 – 24.

Thus, the Pasadena Partnership will look closely at plans to end homelessness for these subpopulations. The approach of planning to end homeless for a given subpopulation is consistent with the approach that HUD, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, the U.S. Interagency Council on Homelessness, and other public and private agencies are promoting.

Next steps will include the following three recommendations:

- **Recommendation 1:** end homelessness among veterans at the end of 2015

In 2010, the White House and the U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs (VA) issued a plan to end Veteran homelessness by the end of 2015. Together with partners and supporters nationwide, VA launched the Ending Veteran Homelessness initiative, an unprecedented effort to make sure Veterans are able to obtain permanent housing and that Veterans at risk of homelessness remain housed. As a result, homelessness among veterans has decreased by one-third in recent years.

Homelessness among veterans has decreased significantly because of the following evidence-based and best practices

- The HUD-Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (HUD-VASH) program combines Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) rental assistance for homeless Veterans with case management and clinical services provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA). VA provides these services for participating Veterans at VA medical centers (VAMCs) and community-based outreach clinics;
- The Department of Veterans' Affairs (VA) Supportive Services for Veteran Families (SSVF) Program is designed to assist homeless persons and very low-income households among veterans. The VA awards grants to private nonprofit organizations and consumer cooperatives in order to provide outreach, time-limited rental assistance, case management, and assistance in obtaining VA and other benefits, which may include child care, health care, housing counseling, legal, and transportation services in order to help veterans and veteran families with obtaining and/or maintaining permanent housing.

As noted in this report, there were 32 unsheltered homeless veterans of which, 21 or 66% were chronically homeless. The HUD-VASH voucher program should be targeted for chronically homeless veterans and their families and the SSVF Program for non-chronically homeless veterans and their families, as well as other permanent housing for veterans.

- **Recommendation 2:** continue to implement a Housing First approach primarily for chronically homeless persons and families

A Housing First approach will continue to provide homeless people with housing quickly and then providing services as needed. By providing housing assistance, case management and supportive services responsive to individual or family needs (time-limited or long-term) after an individual or family is housed, communities can significantly reduce the time people experience homelessness and prevent further episodes of homelessness. A central tenet of the Housing First approach is that social services to enhance individual and family well-being can be more effective when people are in their own home.

- **Recommendation 3:** continue to implement a Rapid Rehousing approach primarily for non-chronically homeless persons and families

Rapid re-housing is an approach that focuses resources on helping families and individuals quickly move out of homelessness and into permanent housing, which is usually affordable housing in the private market. Priority is placed on helping individuals and families move into permanent housing as rapidly as possible and providing services to help them maintain housing. Services to support rapid re-housing include housing search and landlord negotiation, short-term financial and rental assistance, and the delivery of home-based housing stabilization services, as needed.

## II. Background Information

Since the year 2005 the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has asked local jurisdictional applicants to conduct a “one night point-in-time” homeless count every other year during the last 10 days of January as part of its requirements for local jurisdictions to continue to receive continuum of care funding for homeless persons. The City of Pasadena, however, conducts a one night point-in-time count every year. This year, the “City of Pasadena 2015 Homeless Count and Subpopulation Survey” was conducted on Wednesday January 28. The following table compares the homeless counts since 2005.

Table 4: City of Pasadena Homeless Counts from 2005 – 2015.

Year	Total # of Homeless Persons	% of Increase or Decrease from Previous Year
2005	1,064	n/a
2006	1,001	-6
2007	825	-18
2008	836	+1
2009	1,004	+17
2010	1,137	+13
2011	1,216	+7
2012	904	-26
2013	772	-15
2014	666	-14
2015	632	-5

- **When the 2015 Count was Conducted**

The homeless count was conducted throughout the day on January 28, 2015. The count was carried out on the streets throughout the day and evening. Data for shelters and transitional housing programs was collected through the Homeless Management Information System (HMIS).

- **Who was Counted in 2015**

A person was considered homeless, and thus counted, only when he/she fell within the following HUD-based definition by residing in one of the places described below:

- a. in places not meant for human habitation, such as cars, parks, sidewalks, and abandoned buildings;
- b. in an emergency shelter including those persons who received a voucher for a motel;
- c. in transitional housing (only homeless persons who originally came from the streets or emergency shelter were included in the count).

HUD does not consider the following persons to be homeless—persons who are “doubled up,” or persons who are “near homelessness—but considers them to be at-risk of homelessness. Such persons were not included in the city’s homeless count per HUD’s requirements.

The City of Pasadena, like many other largely populated cities, has a substantial number of households that are at-risk of homelessness. According to the U.S. Census Bureau, in 2013, there were approximately 15,000 residents who were members of a household whose income was \$15,000 a year or less. Of these households, approximately half (8,000 residents) were members of a household whose income was less than \$10,000. The Census Bureau also noted, in the 2013 American Community Survey, that 13 percent of Pasadena residents or approximately 18,000 residents lived below poverty level.

Many of these persons can become homeless because of social structural issues such as increases in rent, loss of job, and rising health care costs. In addition, personal experiences such as domestic violence, physical disabilities, mental illness, and substance abuse can cause members of a low income household or an entire household to become homeless as well. Often, one or more of these experiences factor into a household’s homeless experience.

- **Who Carried Out the Count in 2015**

The City of Pasadena Housing Department and the Pasadena Partnership to End Homelessness consulted with Urban Initiatives, a community-based non-profit research organization, to plan and coordinate the count (see [www.urban-initiatives.org](http://www.urban-initiatives.org)). Urban Initiatives also enlisted students and staff from Fuller Theological Seminary’s Office for Urban Initiatives along with other volunteers from congregations and faith-based organizations and the community at large. Volunteers participated in the count by forming teams to canvass the city in order to count on the streets and in facilities. Office for Urban Initiatives staff and volunteers also helped with gathering data, entering data, and contributed to writing this report.

The Housing Department oversees the development of the Consolidated Plan, Homeless Continuum of Care System, and the City of Pasadena 10-Year Strategy to End Homelessness. In addition, the Department implements housing and community development programs and the provision of financial assistance to create and preserve affordable housing throughout the city.

The City of Pasadena Housing Department is also responsible for the administration of numerous federal entitlement and competitive grant programs including: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) program, Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA), Housing Choice Voucher Program (HCVP), and the Continuum of Care for Homeless Assistance Programs.

The Pasadena Partnership to End Homelessness (PPEH) is made up of more than 50 public and private agencies that provide community services to residents including homeless persons. The PPEH (formerly the Pasadena Housing and Homeless Network or PHHN) has served as the primary community planning entity concerning housing and homeless needs and services throughout the past 20 years. Such planning includes the Consolidated Plan, City of Pasadena 10-Year Strategy to End Homelessness, and every Continuum of Care application submission to HUD since 1995.

The Institute for Urban Initiatives is a community-based 501(c)(3) non-profit research agency that has completed many housing and homeless assessments including several homeless counts for cities and counties throughout California. It is closely affiliated with Fuller Theological Seminary's Office for Urban Initiatives.

Together, the aforementioned agencies coordinated a community-wide effort of approximately 70 volunteers that culminated in a homeless count on January 28. Volunteers counted persons on the streets.

### III. Methodology

The 2015 homeless count was a city-wide effort that divided the city into 16 zones in which homeless people were counted. The count was carried out in the streets throughout the day and evening within each zone. The count was also conducted in facilities that serve homeless persons or where homeless persons congregate throughout the day and evening. In addition, professional outreach teams also canvassed areas of the City not readily accessible to the average volunteer.

The count instrument that was used required counters to collect the following information from every homeless adult encountered: first initial of first name, first initial of last name, gender, race<sup>1</sup>, age by code<sup>2</sup>, and state born as noted below. All information remained confidential.

	First Initial	Last Initial	Gender	Race	Age	State Born
Example:	J	H	F	5	6	CA

This enumeration activity created an identifier that prevents a person from being included in the final tally of the count more than once. During the enumeration, counters record the initials, gender, race, age, and state born of each individual homeless person encountered. If the same person was encountered again, counters would establish the same identifier. As a result, this person would be counted only once in the final tally.

The information for every person encountered every time was loaded into a data base. The information was then used to code each person. For example, a homeless person may have the following code of "WTMW6CA. This meant that this person's first name began with "W", his last name began with "T", he was male "M", he was White "5", "6" which means he is between 50 and 61 years old, and "CA" born in California.

An example to illustrate how the process described above worked can be found within the table below. Numbers 6 and 7 (shaded in gray) would be considered the same person. Therefore, the

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<sup>1</sup> The code for race was 1=African American or Black; 2=American Indian or Alaskan Native; 3=Asian; 4=Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander; 5=White; and 6=Multiple races or other, 7=Don't Know, and 8=Refused to Answer.

<sup>2</sup> The code for age included: 1=under age 18; 2=age 18-24; 3=age 25-29; 4=30-39; 5=40-49; 6=50-61; 7=62-69; 8=70-79; and 9=80+.

person would only be counted once in the final tally that answered the question "how many homeless persons are there in Pasadena during a given day." If for some reason there was doubt that numbers 6 and 7 were the same person, other collected data was used to address the doubt which included veteran status and number of children living with you.

Number of Person	First Initial	Last Initial	Gender	Race	Age	State Born
1	J	H	F	5	6	CA
2	H	T	M	4	7	CA
3	R	K	F	4	5	TX
4	K	N	M	1	4	CA
5	F	A	M	3	3	CA
6	J	F	M	5	5	CA
7	J	F	M	5	5	CA
8	S	G	F	4	2	NY
9	D	T	M	5	6	CA
10	O	R	M	5	7	CA

## IV. Sheltered Subpopulation Summaries

HUD requires Continuum of Care communities to collect and report counts of specific sheltered subpopulations for emergency shelters and transitional housing programs as part of the point-in-time count. A breakdown of these subpopulations are include in the table below.

Table 5. Sheltered Subpopulations for Emergency Shelters and Transitional Housing Programs

Subpopulation	Total		Emergency Shelter		Transitional Housing	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total Number of Households	134	N/A	51	38	83	62
Total Number of Persons	190	N/A	83	44	107	56
<b>Number of Persons</b>						
Number of Children under age 18	45	24	21	25	24	22
Number of Persons (18 to 24)	8	4	2	2	6	6
Number of Persons (over age 24)	137	72	60	72	77	72
<b>Total Number of Persons</b>	190	100	83	100	107	100
<b>Gender:</b>						
Female	83	44	56	67	27	25
Male	107	56	27	33	80	75
Transgender (male to female)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Transgender (female to male)	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total Number of Persons</b>	190	100	83	100	107	100
<b>Ethnicity:</b>						
Non-Hispanic/Non-Latino	135	71	60	72	75	70
Hispanic/Latino	55	29	23	28	32	30
<b>Total Number of Persons</b>	190	100	83	100	107	100
<b>Race:</b>						
White	94	49	37	45	57	53
Black or African American	78	41	36	43	42	39
Asian	2	1	0	0	2	2
American Indian or Alaska Native	3	2	0	0	3	3
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	0	0
Multiple Races	13	7	10	12	3	3
<b>Total Number of Persons</b>	190	100	83	100	107	100

Also, HUD requires Continuum of Care communities to collect and report counts of specific sheltered subpopulations for only emergency shelters as part of the point-in-time count. A

breakdown of these subpopulations are include in the table below. Please note that only adults are included, per HUD’s instructions, in all categories except chronically homeless families and chronically homeless veteran families.

Table 6. Sheltered Subpopulations for Emergency Shelters

<b>Subpopulations</b>	<b>#</b>	<b>%</b>
Total Adults in Emergency Shelters:	146	100
Adults with a Serious Mental Illness	24	16
Adults with a Substance Use Disorder	5	3
Adults with HIV/AIDS	2	1
Chronically Homeless Individuals	7	5
Chronically homeless families	3	
Chronically Homeless Veterans	0	0
Chronically Homeless Veteran Families	0	
Veterans	0	0
Victims of Domestic Violence	33	23
Youth Ages 18 - 24	0	0
Youth Unaccompanied Under Age 18	0	0

## V. Unsheltered Subpopulation Summaries

HUD requires Continuum of Care communities to collect and report counts of specific unsheltered subpopulations as part of the point-in-time count. Appendix A provides a breakdown of various unsheltered subpopulations by each of the questions that were included in the survey including those that are required by HUD. The following list places an asterisk (\*) next to those subpopulations required by HUD.

- chronic homeless individuals\*
- chronic homeless families (see Table 3 above)\*
- families (see Table 3 above)\*
- persons with HIV/AIDS\*
- Persons with Chronic Health Conditions
- Persons with HIV/AIDS\*
- Persons with Physical Disabilities
- Persons with Developmental Disabilities
- Persons with Mental Health Problems\*
- Substance Abusers\*
- Veterans\*
- Victims of Domestic Violence\*
- Youth ages 18 to 24\*
- Youth unaccompanied under age 18\*
- Seniors age 62+
- Persons Released from Correctional Institutions.

# **Appendix A: Unsheltered Subpopulation Summaries**

## Chronically Homeless Adults\*

Total Unsheltered Number: 176

### Gender

- 71% or 125 were men;
- 29% or 51 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 persons did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity

- 28% or 49 were Hispanic/Latino.\*\*

### Race

- 32% or 57 stated African American/Black;
- 4% or 7 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
- 1% or 2 stated Asian;
- 2% or 3 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
- 28% or 50 stated White;
- 15% or 26 stated multiple races or other;
- 6% or 10 stated “don’t know;” 12% or 23 did not have a recorded answer  
Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 45% or 79 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

\*\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 2% or 3 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 49% or 86 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 60% or 105 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 53% or 93 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 53% or 93 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 12% or 21 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 30% or 53 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 9% or 16 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 1% or 2 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 7% or 12 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 28% or 49 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Men

Total Unsheltered Number: 319

### Ethnicity\*

- 20% or 65 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 34% or 108 stated African American/Black;
- 2% or 7 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
- 2% or 5 stated Asian;
- 0% or 1 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
- 32% or 102 stated White;
- 8% or 25 stated multiple races or other;
- 5% or 15 stated “don’t know;”
- 17% or 56 did not have a recorded answer.

Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who were Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 39% or 125 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 29% or 91 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 1% or 3 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 31% or 98 had a physical disability.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 11% or 35 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 24% or 76 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 26% or 84 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 9% or 29 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 11% or 36 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 6% or 18 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 1% or 3 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 9% or 30 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 16% or 52 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

Total Unsheltered Number: 132

### Gender

- 69% or 91 were men;
- 31% or 41 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 29% or 38 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 33% or 44 stated African American/Black;
  - 5% or 6 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 1% or 1 stated Asian;
  - 1% or 1 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 31% or 41 stated White;
  - 14% or 19 stated multiple races or other;
  - 3% or 4 stated “don’t know;”
  - 12% or 16 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who were Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 73% or 97 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 65% or 86 had a physical disability.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 28% or 37 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 2% or 2 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 52% or 69 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 42% or 55 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 11% or 15 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 27% or 35 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 7% or 9 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 1% or 1 was an unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 8% or 11 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 24% or 31 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons with Developmental Disabilities

Total Unsheltered Number: 52

### Gender

- 67% or 35 were men;
- 33% or 17 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 21% or 11 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 42% or 22 stated African American/Black;
  - 8% or 4 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 2% or 1 stated Asian;
  - 0% or 0 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 27% or 14 stated White;
  - 12% or 6 stated multiple races or other;
  - 2% or 1 stated “don’t know;”
  - 8% or 4 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 88% or 46 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 71% or 37 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 4% or 2 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 73% or 38 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 75% or 39 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 44% or 23 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 14% or 7 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 39% or 20 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 6% or 3 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 0% or 0 were an unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 0% or 0 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 17% or 9 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons with HIV/AIDS

Total Unsheltered Number: 6

### Gender

- 50% or 3 were men;
- 50% or 3 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 33% or 2 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 33% or 2 stated African American/Black;
  - 0% or 0 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 0% or 0 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 17% or 1 stated White;
  - 17% or 1 stated multiple races or other;
  - 17% or 1 stated “don’t know;”
  - 17% or 1 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 50% or 3 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 33% or 2 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 67% or 4 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 33% or 2 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 67% or 4 had a mental health problem.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 0% or 0 were age 62+.

#### Substance Abusers

- 0% or 0 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 0% or 0 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 17% or 1 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 17% or 1 was a youth ages 18 to 24;
- 0% or 0 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 17% or 1 was released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons with Mental Health Problems

Total Unsheltered Number: 112

### Gender

- 68% or 76 were men;
- 33% or 36 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 29% or 32 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 34% or 38 stated African American/Black;
  - 5% or 6 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 2% or 2 stated Asian;
  - 1% or 1 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 28% or 31 stated White;
  - 11% or 12 stated multiple races or other;
  - 6% or 7 stated “don’t know;”
  - 13% or 14 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 83% or 93 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 62% or 69 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 4% or 4 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 55% or 62 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 35% or 39 had a developmental disability.

#### Substance Abusers

- 54% or 60 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 10% or 11 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 29% or 33 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 7% or 8 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 2% or 2 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 5% or 6 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 29% or 32 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons with Physical Disabilities

Total Unsheltered Number: 133

### Gender

- 74% or 98 were men;
- 26% or 35 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 23% or 31 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 35% or 46 stated African American/Black;
  - 4% or 6 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 1% or 1 stated Asian;
  - 1% or 2 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 33% or 44 stated White;
  - 11% or 15 stated multiple races or other;
  - 4% or 5 stated “don’t know;”
  - 11% or 14 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 79% or 105 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 65% or 86 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 3% or 4 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 29% or 38 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 47% or 62 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 41% or 55 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 13% or 17 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 29% or 39 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 5% or 6 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 0% or 0 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 12% or 16 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 20% or 26 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

Total Unsheltered Number: 65

### Gender

- 80% or 52 were men;
- 20% or 13 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 34% or 22 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 29% or 19 stated African American/Black;
  - 5% or 3 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 2% or 1 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 37% or 24 stated White;
  - 9% or 6 stated multiple races or other;
  - 5% or 3 stated “don’t know;”
  - 14% or 9 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 75% or 49 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 48% or 31 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 2% or 1 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 40% or 26 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 14% or 9 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 49% or 32 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 60% or 39 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 11% or 7 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 26% or 17 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 9% or 6 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 2% or 1 was an unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 6% or 4 were age 62+.

## Seniors

Total Unsheltered Number: 36

### Gender

- 83% or 30 were men;
- 17% or 6 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 19% or 7 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 25% or 9 stated African American/Black;
  - 3% or 1 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 0% or 0 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 47% or 17 stated White;
  - 11% or 4 stated multiple races or other;
  - 3% or 1 stated “don’t know;”
  - 11% or 4 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are chronically homeless\*\*

- 33% or 12 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 31% or 11 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 0% or 0 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 44% or 16 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 0% or 0 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 17% or 6 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 11% or 4 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 14% or 5 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 11% or 4 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 11% or 4 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Substance Abusers

Total Unsheltered Number: 113

### Gender

- 74% or 84 were men;
- 26% or 29 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 33% or 37 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 28% or 32 stated African American/Black;
  - 4% or 5 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 1% or 1 stated Asian;
  - 2% or 2 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 26% or 29 stated White;
  - 12% or 13 stated multiple races or other;
  - 7% or 8 stated “don’t know;”
  - 20% or 23 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are chronically homeless\*\*

- 82% or 93 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 49% or 55 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 5% or 6 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 49% or 55 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 20% or 23 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 53% or 60 had a mental health problem.

#### Veterans

- 11% or 12 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 28% or 32 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 13% or 15 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 2% or 2 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 3% or 3 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 35% or 39 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Veterans

Total Unsheltered Number: 32

### Gender

- 91% or 29 were men;
- 9% or 3 were women;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 22% or 7 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 38% or 12 stated African American/Black;
  - 0% or 0 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 3% or 1 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 28% or 9 stated White;
  - 13% or 4 stated multiple races or other;
  - 0% or 0 stated “don’t know;”
  - 19% or 6 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 66% or 21 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 47% or 15 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 5% or 6 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino in ethnicity category. All other persons are recorded under race. Hispanics or Latinos are recorded under the various categories of race per HUD’s instructions.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 53% or 17 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 22% or 7 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 34% or 11 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 38% or 12 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 25% or 8 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 0% or 0 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 0% or 0 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 16% or 5 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 22% or 7 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Victims of Domestic Violence

Total Unsheltered Number: 72

### Gender

- 50% or 36 were men;
- 49% or 35 were women;
- 1% or 1 was transgender (male to female);
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 22% or 16 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 36% or 26 stated African American/Black;
  - 4% or 3 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 3% or 2 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 32% or 23 stated White;
  - 10% or 7 stated multiple races or other;
  - 4% or 3 stated “don’t know;”
  - 11% or 8 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are chronically homeless\*\*

- 74% or 53 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 49% or 35 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

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#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 1% or 1 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 54% or 39 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 28% or 20 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 46% or 33 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 44% or 32 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 11% or 8 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Youth

- 14% or 10 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 0% or 0 were unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 6% or 4 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 24% or 17 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Women

Total Unsheltered Number: 104

### Ethnicity\*

- 28% or 29 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 30% or 31 stated African American/Black;
  - 2% or 2 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 1% or 1 stated Asian;
  - 2% or 2 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 31% or 32 stated White;
  - 13% or 13 stated multiple races or other;
  - 6% or 6 stated “don’t know;”
  - 16% or 17 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 49% or 51 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 39% or 41 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 3% or 3 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 34% or 35 had a physical disability.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

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#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 16% or 17 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 35% or 36 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 28% or 29 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 3% or 3 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 34% or 35 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Youth

- 11% or 11 were youth ages 18 to 24;
- 1% or 1 was an unaccompanied youth under age 18.

#### Seniors age 62+

- 6% or 6 were age 62+.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 13% or 13 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Youth Ages 18 - 24

Total Unsheltered Number: 31

### Gender

- 58% or 18 were men;
- 39% or 12 were women;
- 3% or 1 were transgender (male to female);
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 29% or 9 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 32% or 10 stated African American/Black;
  - 0% or 0 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 0% or 0 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 29% or 9 stated White;
  - 19% or 6 stated multiple races or other;
  - 3% or 1 stated “don’t know;”
  - 16% or 5 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 52% or 16 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 29% or 9 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 3% or 1 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 19% or 6 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 10% or 3 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 26% or 8 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 48% or 15 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 0% or 0 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 32% or 10 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 19% or 6 were released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## Unaccompanied Youth under Age 18

Total Unsheltered Number: 4

### Gender

- 75% or 3 were male;
- 25% or 1 was female;
- 0% or 0 were transgender;
- 0% or 0 did not have a recorded answer.

### Ethnicity\*

- 50% or 2 were Hispanic/Latino.

### Race

- 25% or 1 stated African American/Black;
  - 0% or 0 stated American Indian/Alaskan Native;
  - 0% or 0 stated Asian;
  - 0% or 0 stated Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander;
  - 0% or 0 stated White;
  - 0% or 0 stated multiple races or other;
  - 0% or 0 stated “don’t know;”
  - 75% or 3 did not have a recorded answer.
- Hispanics/Latinos were included in several categories of race.

### Persons who are Chronically Homeless\*\*

- 50% or 2 were Chronically Homeless Individuals.

### Persons with Chronic Health Conditions

- 25% or 1 had a chronic illness such as diabetes, heart trouble, high blood pressure, seizures, hepatitis, respiratory problems, epilepsy, tuberculosis, or arthritis.

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\*HUD only required Hispanic or Latino to be listed in the ethnicity category. Persons who answered “yes” when asked “Are you Hispanic or Latino” were then asked “What is your race?” per HUD’s instructions and their answers were included under the various categories of race. All other persons were asked “What is your race?” and their answers were also recorded under race.

\*\*An unsheltered adult was considered chronically homeless according to HUD’s definition of chronic homelessness, which includes persons living in emergency shelters and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings for the past year or more, and/or persons living in an emergency shelter and/or on the streets or in abandoned buildings four times or more during the last three years. In addition, according to HUD, the person must have a disabling condition, which for the purposes of this survey included mental health problems, drug or alcohol problem, physical disability, developmental disability, and/or HIV/AIDS.

#### Persons with HIV/AIDS

- 0% or 0 had been diagnosed with AIDS or had tested positive for HIV.

#### Persons with Physical Disabilities

- 0% or 0 had a physical disability.

#### Persons with Developmental Disabilities

- 0% or 0 had a developmental disability.

#### Persons with Mental Health Problems

- 50% or 2 had a mental health problem.

#### Substance Abusers

- 50% or 2 had a problem with drugs or alcohol.

#### Veterans

- 0% or 0 served on active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces or were called into active duty as a member of the National Guard or as a Reservist.

#### Victims of Domestic Violence

- 0% or 0 had ever been a victim of domestic or intimate partner violence.

#### Persons Released from Correctional Institutions

- 25% or 1 was released from a correctional institution such as a jail or prison after serving a court-ordered sentence during the past 12 months.

## V. Conclusion

The City of Pasadena 2015 Homeless Count and Subpopulation Survey was the product of a unique relationship between the City of Pasadena, local coalitions and committees, housing and homeless service providers, members of the homeless community, and community volunteers. The count and subpopulation survey contributes to a distinctive relationship between these groups that sets the City of Pasadena apart and creates new possibilities for ending homelessness for adults and children.

The count and subpopulation survey provides valuable data concerning homelessness. The information will inform the 10-Year Strategy Plan to End Homelessness which continues to help the City of Pasadena formulate findings and make recommendations to substantially reduce the incidence of homelessness within the city. These sources of data will also provide important information for the City's annual Continuum of Care Application to HUD and the City of Pasadena Consolidated Annual Action and CAPER Plans which are required submissions to HUD if Pasadena is to continue to receive substantial funding to end homelessness within its jurisdiction.

Pasadena receives funding through HUD's annual Continuum of Care application which has provided funds for street outreach, case management, transitional housing, rapid rehousing, and permanent supportive housing. Funding related to the consolidated plan includes Community Development Block Grant, Emergency Solutions Grant, HOME, and Housing for Persons with AIDS funds which have also been used for case management, transitional housing, rapid rehousing, and permanent supportive housing.

The count and subpopulation survey is available on the following web sites: [www.pasadenapartnership.org](http://www.pasadenapartnership.org) and [www.urban-initiatives.org](http://www.urban-initiatives.org).